



Parasitic wasps mixes

Parasitic wasps such as, *aphidius colemani*, *aphidius ervi*, *Aphidius matricariae*, *Praon volucre*, and *aphelinus abdominalis* parasitise various species of aphids. Parasitic wasp mixes are a combination of six different parasitic wasps specially tailored per crop. G-mix for vegetables, F-mix for strawberries, B-mix for berries, raspberries and other soft fruits, S-mix for ornamentals and K-mix for herbs.

Life cycle & efficacy

After introduction into the crop, the first parasitic wasps hatch within a week and start looking for aphids. The parasitic wasps lay their eggs in the aphid (parasitisation). The larvae develop inside the aphids, which will then die. The black, brown or white mummies can be found in the aphid hot spots. When used correctly and sufficiently, the population of parasitic wasps will keep the aphids below the damage threshold.

Packaging & contents

The parasitic wasp mummies come in a tube containing 6 different parasitic wasp mummies sufficient for 200m².

Storage & shelf life

Shelf life until 'best before' date on the tube, if stored in the dark at a temperature of 8°C - 10°C.

Use & dosage

Place 1 tube per 200m². Open the tubes in the greenhouse. Hang the tubes horizontally (using clips on string or sticks) between the crop. Leave the tubes hanging like this for at least one month. Protect the tubes from moisture/drops and ants.

Check the combination with chemicals before use!

Impairment	Dosage	Interval	Frequency	Comments
Preventive	1 tube per 200m ²	1 - 2 weeks	As needed	-
Light curative	1 tube per 200m ²	1 - 2 weeks	As needed	-
Heavy curative	1 tube per 200m ²	1 - 2 weeks	As needed	-